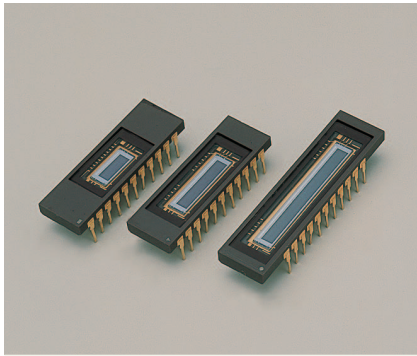


NMOS linear image sensor



S8380/S8381 series

NMOS linear image sensors with high IR sensitivity

S8380/S8381 series are designed to have higher sensitivity in the infrared and soft X-ray regions when compared to standard NMOS linear image sensors. The peak sensitivity wavelength is in the near IR region ($\lambda_p=750$ nm). The photodiodes of S8380 series have a height of 2.5 mm and are arrayed in a row at a spacing of 50 μm . The photodiodes of S8381 series also have a height of 2.5 mm but are arrayed at a spacing of 25 μm . The photodiodes are available in 3 different pixel quantities for each series, 128 (S8380-128Q), 256 (S8380-256Q, S8381-256Q) and 512 (S8380-512Q, S8381-512Q) and 1024 (S8381-1024Q). Quartz glass is the standard window material.

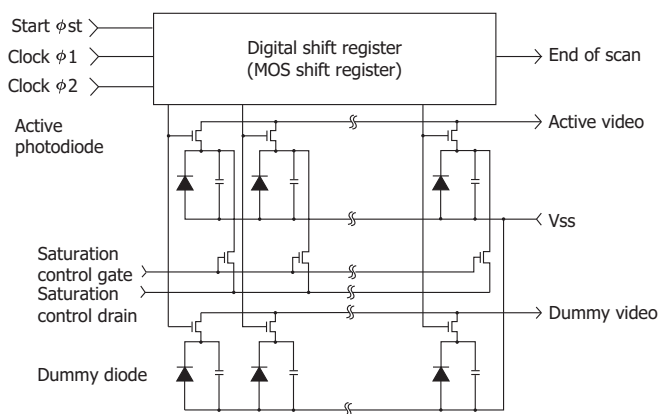
Features

- High sensitivity in the IR and soft X-ray regions
- Wide active area
Pixel pitch: 50 μm (S8380 series)
25 μm (S8381 series)
Pixel height: 2.5 mm
- High UV sensitivity with good stability
- Low dark current and high saturation charge allow a long integration time and a wide dynamic range at room temperature
- Excellent output linearity and sensitivity spatial uniformity
- Lower power consumption: 1 mW max.
- Start pulse and clock pulses are CMOS logic compatible

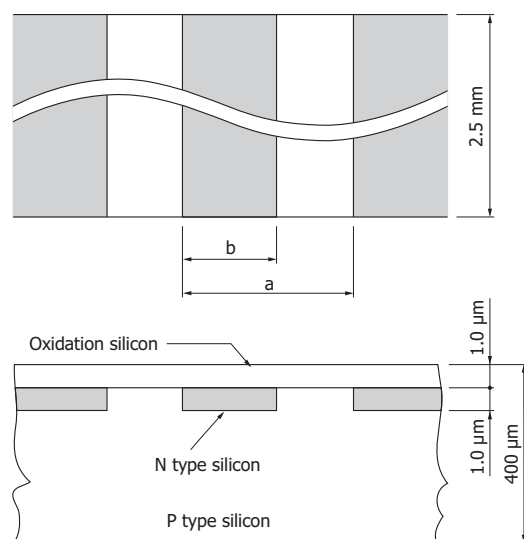
Applications

- Multichannel spectrophotometry
- Image readout system

Equivalent circuit



Active area structure



S8380 series: $a=50$ μm , $b=45$ μm
S8381 series: $a=25$ μm , $b=20$ μm

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▣ Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input pulse (ϕ_1 , ϕ_2 , ϕ_{st}) voltage	$V\phi$	15	V
Power consumption*1	P	1	mW
Operating temperature*2	Topr	-40 to +65	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +85	°C

*1: $V\phi=5.0$ V

*2: No dew condensation

▣ Shape specifications

Parameter	S8380-128Q	S8380-256Q	S8380-512Q	S8381-256Q	S8381-512Q	S8381-1024Q	Unit
Number of pixels	128	256	512	256	512	1024	-
Package length	31.75		40.6	31.75		40.6	mm
Number of pin	22			22			-
Window material*3	Quartz			Quartz			-
Weight	3.0		3.5	3.0		3.5	g

*3: Fiber optic plate is available (excluding the S8380-128Q, S8381-256Q).

▣ Specifications (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	S8380 series			S8381 series			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Pixel pitch	-	-	50	-	-	25	-	μm
Pixel height	-	-	2.5	-	-	2.5	-	mm
Spectral response range (10 % of peak)	λ	200 to 1000			200 to 1000			nm
Peak sensitivity wavelength	λ_p	-	750	-	-	750	-	nm
Photodiode dark current*4	ID	-	0.2	0.6	-	0.1	0.3	pA
Photodiode capacitance*4	Cph	-	20	-	-	10	-	pF
Saturation exposure*4 *5	Esat	-	90	-	-	90	-	mlx · s
Saturation output charge*4	Qsat	-	50	-	-	25	-	pC
Photo response non-uniformity*6	PRNU	-	-	±3	-	-	±3	%

*4: $V_b=2.0$ V, $V\phi=5.0$ V

*5: 2856 K, tungsten lamp

*6: 50% of saturation, excluding the start pixel and last pixel

Electrical characteristics (Ta=25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	S8380 series			S8381 series			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Clock pulse (ϕ_1, ϕ_2) voltage	High	$V\phi_1, V\phi_2$ (H)	4.5	5	10	4.5	5	10	V
	Low	$V\phi_1, V\phi_2$ (L)	0	-	0.4	0	-	0.4	V
Start pulse (ϕ_{st}) voltage	High	$V\phi_{st}$ (H)	4.5	$V\phi_1$	10	4.5	$V\phi_1$	10	V
	Low	$V\phi_{st}$ (L)	0	-	0.4	0	-	0.4	V
Video bias voltage*7	V_b		1.5	$V\phi - 3.0$	$V\phi - 2.5$	1.5	$V\phi - 3.0$	$V\phi - 2.5$	V
Saturation control gate voltage	V_{scg}		-	0	-	-	0	-	V
Saturation control drain voltage	V_{scd}		-	V_b	-	-	V_b	-	V
Clock pulse (ϕ_1, ϕ_2) rise / fall time*8	$tr\phi_1, tr\phi_2$ $tf\phi_1, tf\phi_2$		-	20	-	-	20	-	ns
Clock pulse (ϕ_1, ϕ_2) pulse width	$tpw\phi_1, tpw\phi_2$		200	-	-	200	-	-	ns
Start pulse (ϕ_{st}) rise / fall time	$tr\phi_{st}, tf\phi_{st}$		-	20	-	-	20	-	ns
Start pulse (ϕ_{st}) pulse width	$tpw\phi_{st}$		200	-	-	200	-	-	ns
Start pulse (ϕ_{st}) and clock pulse (ϕ_2) overlap	$t\phi_{ov}$		200	-	-	200	-	-	ns
Clock pulse space*8	X_1, X_2		$trf - 20$	-	-	$trf - 20$	-	-	ns
Data rate*9	f		0.1	-	2000	0.1	-	2000	kHz
Video delay time	t_{vd}	50% of saturation *9 *10	-	80 (-128 Q)	-	-	100 (-256 Q)	-	ns
			-	120 (-256 Q)	-	-	150 (-512 Q)	-	ns
			-	160 (-512 Q)	-	-	200 (-1024 Q)	-	ns
Clock pulse (ϕ_1, ϕ_2) line capacitance	$C\phi$	5 V bias	-	21 (-128 Q)	-	-	27 (-256 Q)	-	pF
			-	36 (-256 Q)	-	-	50 (-512 Q)	-	pF
			-	67 (-512 Q)	-	-	100 (-1024 Q)	-	pF
Saturation control gate (V_{scg}) line capacitance	C_{scg}	5 V bias	-	12 (-128 Q)	-	-	14 (-256 Q)	-	pF
			-	20 (-256 Q)	-	-	24 (-512 Q)	-	pF
			-	35 (-512 Q)	-	-	45 (-1024 Q)	-	pF
Video line capacitance	C_v	2 V bias	-	7 (-128 Q)	-	-	10 (-256 Q)	-	pF
			-	11 (-256 Q)	-	-	16 (-512 Q)	-	pF
			-	20 (-512 Q)	-	-	30 (-1024 Q)	-	pF

*7: $V\phi$ is input pulse voltage (refer to P.6 "Video bias voltage margin").

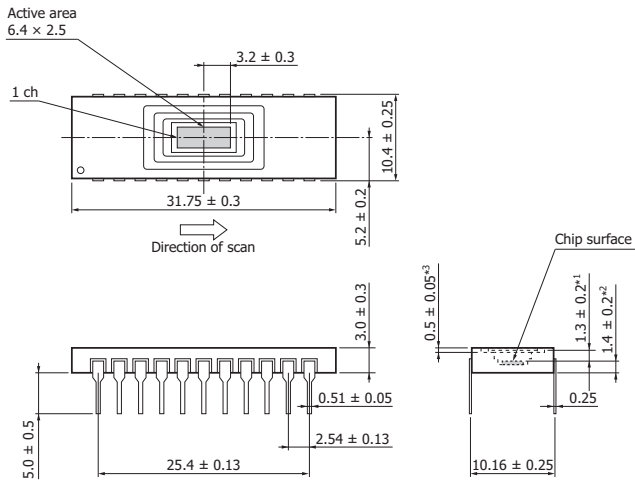
*8: trf is the clock pulse rise or fall time. A clock pulse space of "rise time/fall time - 20 " ns or more should be input if the clock pulse rise or fall time is longer than 20 ns (refer to P.6 "Timing chart for driver circuit").

*9: $V_b=2.0$ V, $V\phi=5.0$ V

*10: Measured with C7883 driver circuit.

Dimensional outlines (unit: mm)

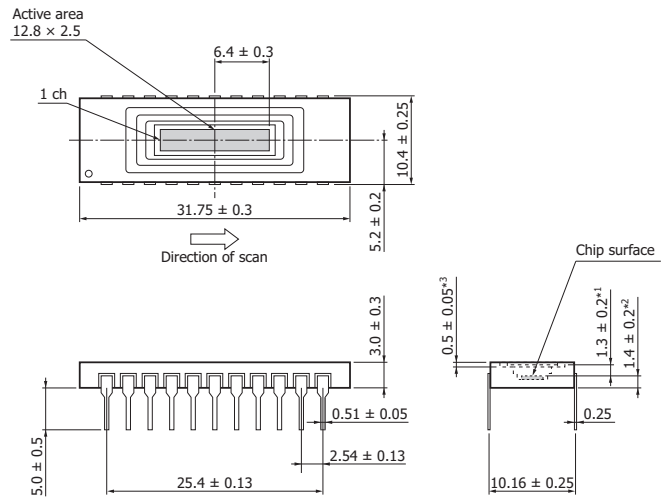
S8380-128Q, S8381-256Q



*1: Distance from upper surface of quartz window to chip surface
 *2: Distance from chip surface to bottom of package
 *3: Window thickness

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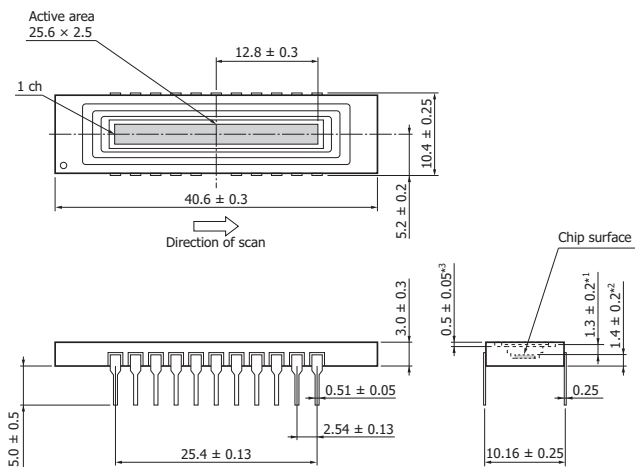
S8380-256Q, S8381-512Q



*1: Distance from upper surface of quartz window to chip surface
 *2: Distance from chip surface to bottom of package
 *3: Window thickness

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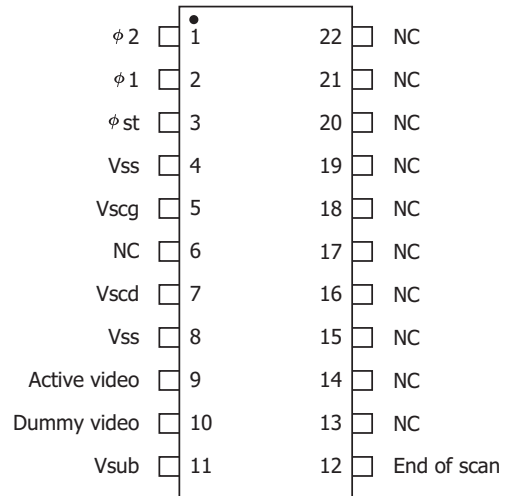
S8380-512Q, S8381-1024Q



*1: Distance from upper surface of quartz window to chip surface
 *2: Distance from chip surface to bottom of package
 *3: Window thickness

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Pin connection



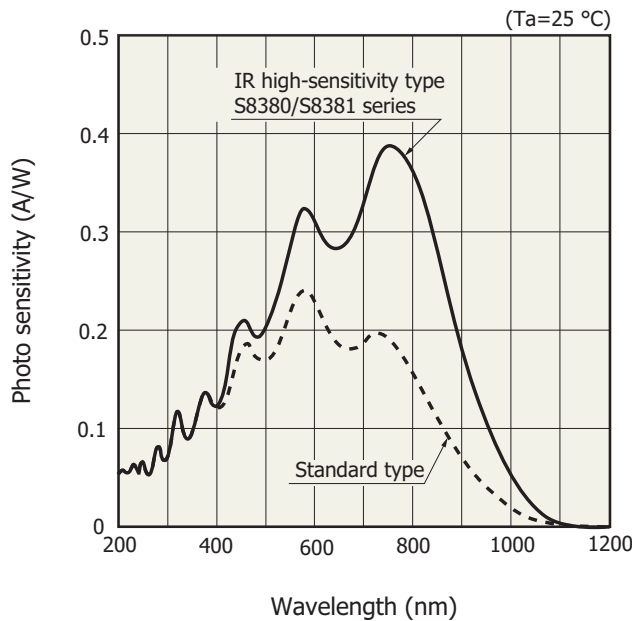
Vss, Vsub and NC should be grounded.

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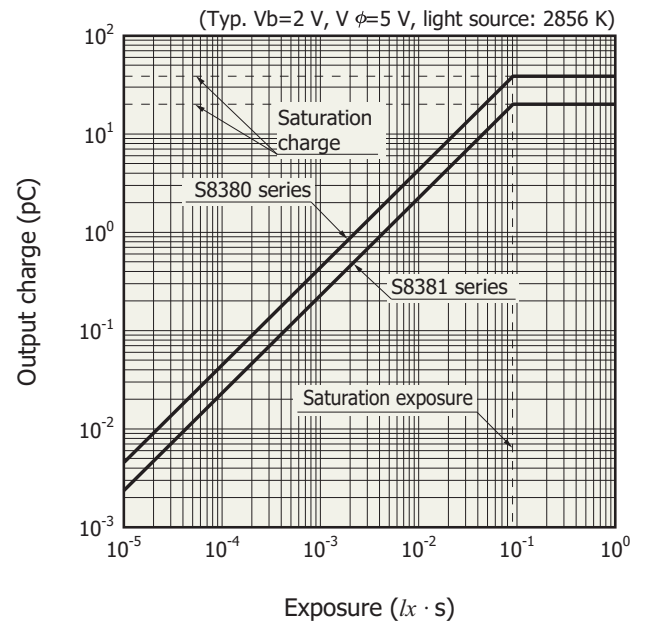
Recommended operating conditions

Terminal	Input or output	Description
$\phi 1, \phi 2$	Input (CMOS logic compatible)	Pulses for operating the MOS shift register. The video data rate is equal to the clock pulse frequency since the video output signal is obtained synchronously with the rise of $\phi 2$ pulse.
ϕst	Input (CMOS logic compatible)	Pulse for starting the MOS shift register operation. The time interval between start pulses is equal to the signal accumulation time.
Vss	-	Connected to the anode of each photodiode. This should be grounded.
Vscg	Input	Used for restricting blooming. This should be grounded.
Vscd	Input	Used for restricting blooming. This should be biased at a voltage equal to the video bias voltage.
Active video	Output	Video output signal. Connects to photodiode cathodes when the address is on. A positive voltage should be applied to the video line in order to use photodiodes with a reverse voltage. When the amplitude of $\phi 1$ and $\phi 2$ is 5 V, a video bias voltage of 2 V is recommended.
Dummy video	Output	This has the same structure as the active video, but is not connected to photodiodes, so only spike noise is output. This should be biased at a voltage equal to the active video or left as an open-circuit when not needed.
Vsub	-	Connected to the silicon substrate. This should be grounded.
End of scan	Output (CMOS logic compatible)	This should be pulled up at 5 V by using a 10 k Ω resistor. This is a negative going pulse that appears synchronously with the $\phi 2$ timing right after the last photodiode is addressed.
NC	-	Should be grounded.

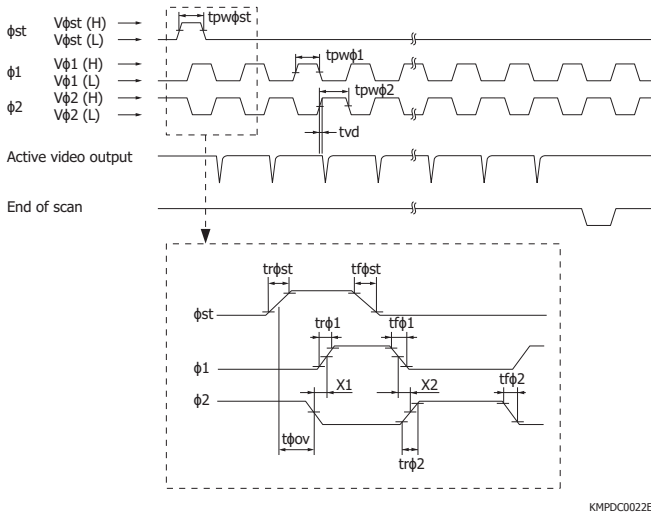
Spectral response (typical example)



Output charge vs. exposure

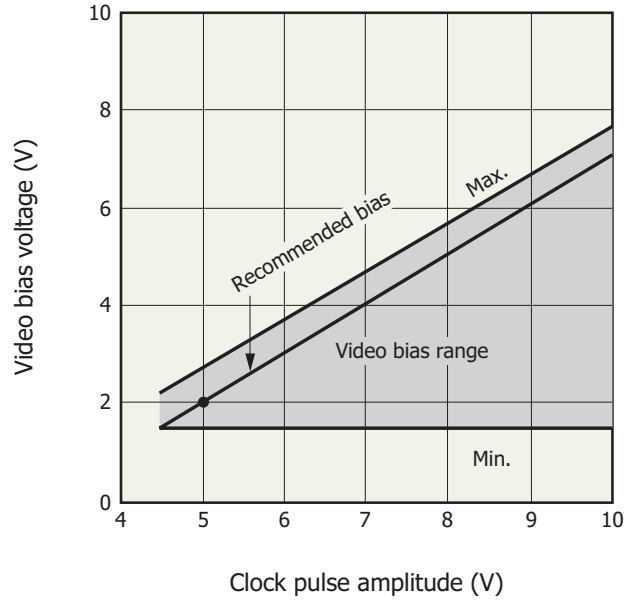


Timing chart for driver circuit



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Video bias voltage margin



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Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

Precautions

- Disclaimer
- Image sensors

Information described in this material is current as of February 2017.

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