DEUTERIUM LAMPS LIGHT FOR PHOTOIONIZATION SOURCE L7293, L13301

OVERVIEW

The L13301 and L7293 are photoionization light sources that emit light with energy up to 10.78 eV. Photoionization is so-called "soft ionization" that offers advantages over other ionization methods. However, conventional photoionization using lasers or PID lamps has problems such as that the lasers are expensive and difficult to handle, or the light output from the PID lamps is low. Using the L13301 and L7293 deuterium lamps that emit high-energy ultraviolet UV light allows easily building a photoionization system that is safe and low cost. The L13301 and L7293 deuterium lamps also feature a compact size and long lifetime.



Photoionization Mass spectrometers •Gas analyzers

Portable gas detector (VOC detector)



SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION (Window material: MgF₂)



FEATURES

- High energy: 10.78 eV
- Soft ionization
- Long service life
- Long lifetime
- •Lower cost compared to other photoionization methods
- Easy to assemble and handle
- Compact size

Schematic view of mass spectroscopy



* We provide MCP and other detectors for mass spectroscopy. Please contact us for detailed information.

PHOTON IS OUR BUSINESS



The L13301 and L7293 are deuterium lamps for photoionization that emit vacuum UV light with energy up to 10.78 eV. These lamps are simple in structure and low in cost, yet offer high performance, making them also suitable for high-precision mass spectrometers and gas analyzers.

These lamps provide a high degree of design freedom since they are supplied as single components. When designing peripheral devices for your equipment, please consult us. We are glad to offer support and advice to help you obtain the best performance from these lamps.



Left: L7293, Right: L13301

| Parameter | L7293 L13301 | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Major features | Long lifetime | Compact size | |
| Light output (relative to L13301 light output) | 10 1 | | |
| Housing * | Should be prepared by user. | | |
| Vacuum flange * | Please contact us. | Should be prepared by user. | |
| Power supply | Sold separately (See to the next section) | | |
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* Please feel free to contact us for information on designing housings and vacuum flanges.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | | L7293 | L13301 | Unit |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|------|
| Spectral distribu | tion | 115 to 400 | | nm |
| Window materia | 1 | MgF ₂ | | _ |
| Power consump | tion (Max.) | 30 8.5 | | W |
| Aperture diamet | er (Arc point) | φ1.0 | | mm |
| Guaranteed life A | | 2000 | 1000 | h |
| Output stability | Drift (Max.) | ±0.3 | ±0.25 | %/h |
| at 230 nm | Fluctuation (p-p)(Max.) | 0.005 | | % |
| Weight | | 41 | 11 | g |
| Storage tempera | orage temperature range 0 to +60 | | +60 | °C |
| Storage humidit | y range | Below 85 % (no condensation) | | |

(A)Life end is defined as the time when the light output intensity at 230 mm falls to 50 % of its initial value or when output fluctuations exceed 0.05 % (p-p).

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINES (Unit: mm)

L7293

• L13301



LAMP INSTALLATION EXAMPLE

When installing a photoionization deuterium lamp to a vacuum device, the method shown below can be used. Since the graded glass seal section and MgF₂ window of the lamp are mechanically weak, design the installation method so that excessive force will not be applied to those sections of the lamp. Wear protective gloves to prevent it from touching your bare hands when you handle it.

Deuterium lamps emit UV light harmful to human body. In addition, UV light generates ozone when it irradiates in an atmosphere containing oxygen. Therefore, please be sure to take a measure against UV leakage and do adequate ventilation when UV light generates ozone. Please feel free to contact us for more information about how to use deuterium lamps.

L13301

• L7293



LAMP POWER SUPPLIES

We also provide power supplies specifically designed for use with our deuterium lamps.

The electrodes and gases in deuterium lamps wear out over time in operation, so when a lamp is approaching the end of its life, it is likely to fail to light up. Our lamp power supplies use the lighting method optimized for deuterium lamps, allowing operation with reliable lighting until the end of lamp life.

We also have C10707 and M9596-2510 demonstration devices. Please feel free to contact us for more information.



Left: C10707, Center: M9596-2510, Right: C9598-2510

•SPECIFICATIONS

(Characteristics are measured at 25 °C \pm 1 °C after 30 min warming up.)

| Parameter | | C10707 | M9596-2510 | C9598-2510 | Unit | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|---|----|
| Input | Input voltage | | AC 100 V to 240 V (When used with the supplied AC/DC adapter) | DC 24 V ± 2.4 V | AC 100 V to 240 V (100 V/200 V Auto switching) Single phase 50 Hz / 60 Hz | _ |
| | Input current (Max.) | | 0.4 | 2 | 0.9 | А |
| | Output | With load (Typ.) | 135 | 80 | 80 | V |
| | voltage (DC) | Without load (Min.) | 250 | 200 | 200 | V |
| Output current (DC) Output Warm-up time Trigger voltage | | it (DC) | 50 ± 5 | 300 ± 30 | 300 ± 30 | mA |
| | | 9 | 25 ± 5 | Approx. 20 | Approx. 20 | S |
| | | Approx. 230 | Approx. 600 | Approx. 600 | V peak | |
| Dimensions ($W \times H \times D$) | | 70 × 42.5 × 112.5 | 100 × 35 × 118 | 117 × 107 × 200 | mm | |
| Cooling method | | — | 0.3 m ³ /min | — | _ | |
| Operating ambient temperature | | 0 to +40 | | | °C | |
| Storage temperature | | -10 to +60 | | | °C | |
| Operating ambient / storage humidity | | Below 80 (no condensation) | | | % | |
| Weight | | Approx. 0.25 | Approx. 0.18 | Approx. 2.1 | kg | |
| Conformance | nance EN (CE marking) | | — | Yes | Yes | |
| standard | UL (File No. E | 249677) | — | Yes | — | — |
| Suitable lamp (Type No.) | | L13301 | L7293 | L7293 | _ | |

LAMP UNIT

Hamamatsu also provides lamp units that include a light source, housing, and power supply. These lamp units can be easily put to use by just preparing a vacuum flange. This eliminates the time and effort needed for optical and electrical designs and device fabrication.

Demo units are also available to help you attempt simple photoionization using a deuterium lamp.



Left: L12542, Right: L11798

| Parameter | L12542 | L11798 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Major features | Large irradiation (neutralizing) area | High power | |
| Light output (relative to L13301 light output) | 10 | 20 | |
| Housing | Accessory | | |
| Vacuum flange | Option (See below) | | |
| Power supply | Accessory | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | L12542 | L11798 | Unit |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|------|
| Spectral distribution | 115 to 400 | | nm |
| Window material | MgF ₂ | | — |
| Power consumption (Max.) | 90 | 200 | VA |
| Aperture diameter (Arc point) | <i>φ</i> 1.0 | φ0.6 | mm |
| Guaranteed life A | 2000 | 1000 | h |
| Cooling method | Air cooling by cooling fan | | — |
| Weight | 2.3 | 3.8 | kg |
| Operating temperature range | +10 to +40 | | °C |
| Storage temperature range | 0 to +60 | | °C |
| Operating humidity range | Below 80 % (no condensation) | | — |
| Storage humidity range | Below 85 % (r | — | |

(A)The life end is defined as the time when light output falls to 50 % of its initial intensity value while operated under our measurement conditions.

Note that the light output attenuation depends greatly on the environment of the vacuum equipment.

Vacuum Flange

SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter | E3444 | E3444-01 | E3444-02 |
|-------------------------|--|----------|----------|
| Sealing method | O-ring | | |
| Flange | Regular | JIS VF50 | ICF114 |
| Mount flange | _ | JIS VG50 | ICF114 |
| Seeling force retention | 1.33 × 10 ⁻⁴ Pa L/s or less (1 × 10 ⁻⁶ Torr L/s) | | |
| Demo unit | Available | | |

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE (Unit:mm)



* PCD (Pitch Circle Diameter)

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