



CW quantum cascade laser

L12004/L12005/L12006 series (with lens)

DFB-CW drive type quantum cascade laser with lens

It is a DFB-CW drive type quantum cascade laser (QCL) with a collimation lens built into the airtight package (HHL package). Lens alignment of invisible mid-infrared laser light is no longer required, and ease of use has been improved. By controlling the temperature with the built-in TE-cooler in the HHL package, it is possible to sweep the emission wavelength without mode hopping while maintaining the single mode operation.

🕨 Features

Light output: 20 mW min.

Threshold current: 1 A max.

Emission wavelength L12004 series: 4 μm band L12005 series: 5 μm band

L12006 series: 6 µm band

Applications

Extremely trace gas analysis L12004-2190H-E: N2O, CO L12004-2310H-E: CO2, CO2 isotope L12005-1900H-E: NO L12006-1631H-E: NO2

- Absolute maximum ratings (TqcL=20 °C excluding temperature section)

Type no.	Forward current ^{*1} IF (A)	Forward voltage ^{*1} VF (V)	Reverse voltage ^{*1} VR (V)	Current rise time* ² tr (µs)	Current fall time* ³ tf (µs)	TE-cooler current (cooling mode)*4 Ic (A)	TE-cooler current (heating mode)*4 Ic (A)	TE-cooler voltage Vc (V)	Operating temperature (case)*5*6 Tcase (°C)	Operating temperature (QCL)* ⁷ TQCL (°C)	Operating temperature (QCL) Lifting speed ^{*8} (°C/min)	Storage temperature Tstg ^{*5} (°C)
L12004-2190H-E	Because	there are										
L12004-2310H-E		erences,reier	0.0	>400	>400	+3.7	-1.5	±13.0	+10 to +60	+5 to +55	10	-20 to +65
L12005-1900H-E	attached to	a product*9										

*1: There is a risk of damage to the characteristics due to surges or unstable currents. Do not apply reverse current or reverse voltage.

*2: The time it takes for the forward current to increase from 0% to 90% of the maximum value (IF max). If the forward current is increased from 0% to 90% of the maximum value (IF max) at 400 µs or less, there is a risk of characteristic damage.

*3: The time it takes for the forward current to decrease from 90% to 0% of the maximum value (IF max). If the forward current is decreased from 90% to 0% of the maximum value (IF max) at 400 µs or less, there is a risk of characteristic damage.

*4: The operation of this product in the state of insufficient heat dissipation may lead to overheating, deterioration, disconnection, etc. even at currents below the maximum rating value of the TE-cooler current (Ic). Especially when energizing the electronic cooling element in the heating mode, the heat dissipation on the laser side is insufficient, which may affect the failure or reliability, so please use it after sufficient verification.

*5: No dew condensation

When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environments, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

*6: Package temperature monitored by a built-in thermistor

*7: Laser (QCL) element temperature monitored by a built-in thermistor

*8: The speed at which the operating temperature of the QCL is raised or lowered, controlled by the built-in electronic cooling element. *9: The drive current capabilities must be $IF \ge 1.3 A$, $VF \ge 16 V$.

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

Use drive power supply with output current > 1.3 A, output voltage > 16 V, surge measure, constant current control function.

Electrical and optical characteristics (laser)

Type no.	Emission wavenumber (emission wavelength)* ¹⁰ K	Spectral linewidth ^{*11} ΔKL	Wavenumber sweep range current tuning ^{*12} * ¹³ ΔKc	Wavenumber sweep range temperature tuning ^{*12} * ¹⁴ ΔKT	Light output ¢e	Threshold current ^{*15} Ith	Side mode suppression ratio ^{*15} SMSR	Current tuning coefficient ^{*16} δKc	Temperature tuning coefficient ^{*17} δKτ
	Тур. (ст ⁻¹)	Max. (cm ⁻¹)	Min. (cm ⁻¹)	Min. (cm ⁻¹)	Min. (mW)	Max. (A)	Min. (dB)	Typ. (cm ⁻¹ /mA)	Typ. (cm ⁻¹ /°C)
L12004-2190H-E	2190 (4.57 µm)							-0.015	-0.18
L12004-2310H-E	2310 (4.33 µm)	0.2*18	±0.5	±1.0	20	1.0	75 *18	-0.017	-0.18
L12005-1900H-E	1900 (5.26 µm)	0.2	±0.5	11.0	20	1.0	25	-0.016	-0.14
L12006-1631H-E	1631 (6.13 µm)							-0.015	-0.15

*10: TQCL=+10 to +50 °C

*11: FWHM The center wavenumber is the emission wavenumber (K)

*12: The wavelength sweep range indicates a range of wavenumber that can be continuously varied. The center wavenumber of the variable range is the emission wavenumber (K).

*13: Current tuning: When the forward current (IF) is changed in the range of Ith < IF < IF max at the operating temperature range of T_{QCL} =+10 to +50 °C.

*14: Temperature tuning is when the forward current (IF) is changed in the range of Ith < IF < IF max at the operating temperature TqcL=10 to 50 °C.

*15: TQCL=20 °C

*16: TQCL=constant

*17: IF=constant

*18: Limited by resolution and S/N of measurement and inspection equipment

Electrical characteristics (TE-cooler and thermistors)

	Thermoele	ctric cooler	Thermistor		
Type no.	Maximum temperature difference ^{*19} ΔTmax (°C)	Maximum heat absorption ^{*20} Qcmax (W)	R25 resistance R25 T=25 °C	Beta value B 0 °C/100 °C	
L12004-2190H-E					
L12004-2310H-E	> 10	× 10		3450 K	
L12005-1900H-E	>40	>10	$10 \text{ K}_{22} \pm 2.3 \text{ %}$		
L12006-1631H-E					

*19: Th=27 °C, in N2, Qc=0, Ic=+3.7 A

*20: Th=27 °C, in N₂, Ic=+3.7 A, ΔT=0

Note: ΔT: Temperature difference between the high-temperature side surface and the low-temperature side surface of the TE-cooler Qc: Heat absorption

Ic : TE-cooler current

Th: Temperature of the high-temperature side surface of the TE-cooler (TEC cooling mode) The thermistor built-in is the same specification

Thermistor placement (schematic diagram)







Emission wavenumber vs. forward current (typical example)

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Window material

		Dimer	nsions	Coating			
Type no.	Material	Aperture diameter* ²¹ (mm)	thickness (mm)	Anti-reflection film	Bandwidth (cm ⁻¹)	Transmittance ^{*22} (%)	
L12004-2190H-E		φ4.4	0.7		2200 to 2180	× 00	
L12004-2310H-E	ZnSe,			Double-sided AR coating	2320 to 2300		
L12005-1900H-E	parallel plate				1910 to 1890	>99	
L12006-1631H-E					1641 to 1621		

*21: Aperture diameter of the laser emission part of the package

*22: Average transmittance in band

Beam characteristics (TQCL=20 °C)

Turne me	Beam spread angle* ²³ θ			Beam waist position* ²⁴ Zwo		Beam waist diameter ^{*25} Wo		
туре по.	Min. (mrad)	Typ. (mrad)	Max. (mrad)	Min. (mm)	Max. (mm)	Min. (mm)	Typ. (mm)	Max. (mm)
L12004-2190H-E								
L12004-2310H-E	0	3	5	50	1000	0.5	1.5	3.0
L12005-1900H-E								
L12006-1631H-E								

*23: The half-angle of the beam either vertically (perpendicular to the pin) or horizontally (horizontal to the pin), whichever is wider. See P6 beam profile.

*24: From the top of the package.

*25: 1/e² diameter

Note: This value varies from product to product, so check the inspection report attached to the product.

Beam profile (typical example)





KLDB0053EA





Beam diameter characteristics (typical example)

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Dimensional outline (unit: mm)

111110.	runcuon	1 11 110.	runcuon
1	TEC cathode (-)	()	QCL cathode (-)
3	N.C. (case)	8	Thermistor (Tcase)
4	QCL anode (+)	9	Thermistor (Tcase)
5	Thermistor (TQCL)	10	TEC anode (+)
6	Thermistor (TQCL)	—	—

*2: ③ pin is electrically connected to the case of the package.

Other pins are electrically isolated from the case of the package.

KLDA0007EA

Note: Do not solder to the electrode terminal, connect it with a socket. Refer to A11134-07 for socket details.

A Warning (Class 3B laser) Invisible laser emission: Avoid exposure to the beam

This product falls under the "Class 3B laser" in the classification of laser products according to IEC 60825-01. The laser light emitted by this product is an invisible laser light that cannot be seen by the naked eye. Observing the laser light directly is dangerous, and you should also avoid direct exposure to the skin. In addition, some conditions may cause skin damage or flammable substances to ignite.

When using equipment incorporating this product, please classify it according to IEC 60825-01.

Label for wearing protective goggles KLDC0005EA

Note: For more detailed information, please see [IEC 60825-1:2014].

Precautions

(1) Electrostatic countermeasures

To prevent damage due to static electricity, take electrostatic countermeasures such as grounding of workers, work benches, and work tools. For details, please refer to the related information "Precautions / Compound opto-semiconductors (photosensors, light emitters)". Also protect this device from surge voltages which might be caused by peripheral equipment.

(2) Reflected light

The product will be destroyed if it is irradiated with laser light, such as by regular reflection. When using this product, use extra caution to avoid irradiation of reflected light.

Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Safety consideration / Opto-semiconductor products
- Precautions / Compound opto-semiconductors (photosensors, light emitters)
- Catalog
- Accessories for quantum cascade laser (QCL)

The content of this document is current as of April 2025.

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